FINANCIAL STATEMENT AND INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT For the Year Ended December 31, 2018

For the Year Ended December 31, 2018

TABLE OF CONTENTS

		Page Numbers
	Independent Auditors' Report	1
Statement 1	Summary Statement of Receipts, Expenditures and Unencumbered Cash - Regulatory Basis	3
	Notes to the Financial Statement	4
	REGULATORY-REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION	
Schedule 1	Summary of Expenditures - Actual and Budget (Regulatory Basis)	9
Schedule 2	Schedules of Receipts and Expenditures - Actual and Budget (Regulatory	Basis)
	General Fund	
	2-1 General Fund	10
	Special Purpose Funds	
	2-2 Special Highway Fund	11
	2-3 Special Lighting Fund	12
	Business Funds	
	2-5 Water Fund	13
	2-6 Sanitation Fund	14
	2-7 Lift Station Fund	15

/GUDENKAUF & MALONE, INC.

Shareholder
Pamela Gudenkauf, CPA

Certified Public Accountants 639 Main Street, P.O. Box 631 Russell, Kansas 67665 (785) 483-6220, Fax (785) 483-6221 email: accountants@gmbinc.net Shareholder
James Malone, CPA

Independent Auditors' Report

Honorable Mayor and City Council City of Bunker Hill, Kansas

We have audited the accompanying fund summary statement of regulatory basis receipts, expenditures, and unencumbered cash balances of the City of Bunker Hill, Kansas as of and for the year ended December 31, 2018, and the related notes to the financial statement.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statement

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of this financial statement in accordance with the Kansas Municipal Audit and Accounting Guide as described in Note A; this includes determining that the regulatory basis of accounting is an acceptable basis for the preparation of the financial statement in the circumstances. Management is also responsible for the design, implementation and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statement that is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the financial statement based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, and the Kansas Municipal Audit and Accounting Guide. Those standards require we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statement is free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statement. The procedures selected depend on auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statement, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statement in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statement.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Basis for Adverse Opinion on U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles

As described in Note A of the financial statement, the financial statement is prepared by the City of Bunker Hill, Kansas on the basis of the financial reporting provisions of the Kansas Municipal Audit and Accounting Guide, which is a basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

The effects on the financial statement of the variances between the regulatory basis of accounting described in Note A and accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, although not reasonably determinable, are presumed to be material.

Adverse Opinion on U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles

In our opinion, because of the significance of the matter discussed in the "Basis for Adverse Opinion on U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles" paragraph, the financial statement referred to above does not present fairly, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the financial position of the City of Bunker Hill, Kansas as of December 31, 2018, or changes in financial position and cash flows thereof for the year then ended.

Unmodified Opinion on Regulatory Basis of Accounting

In our opinion, the financial statement referred to above presents fairly, in all material respects, the aggregate cash and unencumbered cash balance of the City of Bunker Hill, Kansas as of December 31, 2018, and the aggregate receipts and expenditures for the year then ended in accordance with the financial reporting provisions of the Kansas Municipal Audit and Accounting Guide described in Note A.

Other Matters

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the fund summary statement of regulatory basis receipts, expenditures, and unencumbered cash balances (basic financial statement) as a whole. The summary of regulatory basis expenditures-actual and budget and individual fund schedules of regulatory basis receipts and expenditures-actual and budget (Schedules 1 and 2 as listed in the table of contents) are presented for analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statement, however are required to be presented under the provisions of the Kansas Municipal Audit and Accounting Guide. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statement. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statement and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statement or to the basic financial statement itself, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statement as a whole, on the basis of accounting described in Note A.

We also previously audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, the basic financial statement of Bunker Hill, Kansas as of and for the year ended December 31, 2017 (not presented herein), and have issued our report thereon dated November 2, 2018, which contained an unmodified opinion on the basis financial statement. The 2017 basic financial statement and our accompanying report are not presented herein, but are available in electronic form from the web site of the Kansas Department of Administration at the following link http://admin.ks.gov/offices/chief-financial-officer/municipal-services. The 2017 actual column (2017 comparative information) presented in the individual fund schedules of regulatory basis receipts and expenditures-actual and budget for the year ended December 31, 2018 (Schedule 2 as listed in the table of contents) is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statement. Such 2017 comparative information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the 2017 basic financial statement. The 2017 comparative information was subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the 2017 basic financial statement and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the 2017 basic financial statement or to the 2017 basic financial statement itself, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the 2017 comparative information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the 2017 basic financial statement as a whole for the year ended December 31, 2017, on the basis of accounting described in Note A.

Gudenkauf & Malone, Inc.

Gudenkay & Malone In

August 5, 2019

SUMMARY STATEMENT OF RECEIPTS, EXPENDITURES AND UNENCUMBERED CASH Regulatory Basis

For the Year Ended December 31, 2018

Funds	Beginning Unencumbered Cash Balance	Prior Year Cancelled Encumbrances	Receipts	Expenditures	Ending Unencumbered Cash Balance	Add: Encumbrances and Accounts Payable	Statement 1 Ending Cash Balance
GENERAL FUND	\$ 101,294	\$ 24,655	\$ 63,089	\$ 63,564	\$ 125,474	\$ 19,126	\$ 144,600
SPECIAL PURPOSE FUNDS							
Special Highway Fund	5,764	-	2,598	•	8,362	-	8,362
Special Lighting Fund	3,145	-	6,442	6,589	2,998	595	3,593
Total Special Purpose Funds	8,909	-	9,040	6,589	11,360	595	11,955
BUSINESS FUNDS							
Water Fund	59,422	-	34,894	22,750	71,566	4,327	75,893
Sanitation Fund	1,638	_	13,604	13,500	1,742	1,140	2,882
Lift Station Fund	2,404	-	7,176	9,053	527	1,263	1,790
Total Business Funds	63,464	-	55,674	45,303	73,835	6,730	80,565
Total Reporting Entity							
(Excluding Agency Funds)	\$ 173,667	\$ 24,655	\$ 127,803	\$ 115,456	\$ 210,669	\$ 26,451	\$ 237,120
Composition of Cash:							
•					Checking		\$ 135,193
					Money Market		101,927
					Total Reporting	Entity	\$ 237,120
						•	

The notes to the financial statement are an integral part of this statement.

Notes to Financial Statement

Year Ended December 31, 2018

NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Municipal Financial Reporting Entity

The City of Bunker Hill, located in Russell County, Kansas, was incorporated in 1876. The Municipality is governed under the Mayor-Council form of government. Bunker Hill provides a minimal range of municipal services, including general government administration, water, sewer, and refuse services for the residents of the City of Bunker Hill. The Municipality is a Kansas municipal corporation with a six member City Council comprised of the Mayor and five at large members.

The regulatory financial statement presents the City of Bunker Hill, Kansas (the municipality) and does not include any Related Municipal Entities.

Basis of Accounting

Regulatory Basis of Accounting and Departure from Accounting Principles Generally Accepted in the United States of America. The Kansas Municipal Audit and Accounting Guide (KMAAG) regulatory basis of accounting involves the recognition of cash, cash equivalents, marketable investments, and certain accounts payable and encumbrance obligations to arrive at net unencumbered cash and investments balance on a regulatory basis for each fund, and the reporting of changes in unencumbered cash and investments of a fund resulting from the difference in regulatory basis receipts and regulatory basis expenditures for the fiscal year. All recognized assets and liabilities are measured and reported at cost, unless they have been permanently impaired and have no future cash value or represent no future obligation against cash. The KMAAG regulatory basis does not recognize capital assets, long-term debt, accrued receivables and payables, or any other assets, liabilities or deferred inflows or outflows, other than those mentioned above.

The City has approved a resolution that is in compliance with K.S.A. 75-1120a(c), waiving the requirement for application of generally accepted accounting principles and allowing the City to use the regulatory basis of accounting.

Regulatory Basis Fund Types

General Fund - the chief operating fund. Used to account for all resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

<u>Special Purpose Fund</u> - used to account for the proceeds of specific tax levies and other specific regulatory receipt sources (other than Capital Project and tax levies for long-term debt) that are intended for specified purposes.

<u>Bond and Interest Fund</u> - used to account for the accumulation of resources, including tax levies, transfers from other funds and payment of general long-term debt.

<u>Capital Project Fund</u> - used to account for the debt proceeds and other financial resources to be used for acquisition or construction of major capital facilities or equipment.

<u>Business Fund</u> – funds financed in whole or in part by fees charged to users of the goods or services (i.e. enterprise and internal service fund etc.).

Notes to Financial Statement

Year Ended December 31, 2018

NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, CONTINUED

<u>Trust Fund</u> – funds used to report assets held in trust for the benefit of the municipal financial reporting entity (i.e. pension funds, investment trust funds, private purpose trust funds which benefit the municipal reporting entity, scholarship funds, etc.).

<u>Agency Fund</u> – funds used to report assets held by the municipal reporting entity in a purely custodial capacity (payroll clearing fund, county treasurer tax collection accounts, etc.).

Budgetary Information

Kansas statutes require that an annual operating budget be legally adopted for the general fund, special purpose funds (unless specifically exempted by statute), bond and interest funds, and business funds. Although directory rather than mandatory, the statutes provide for the following sequence and timetable in the adoption of the legal annual operating budget:

- 1. Preparation of the budget for the succeeding calendar year on or before August 1st.
- 2. Publication in local newspaper on or before August 5th of the proposed budget and notice of public hearing on the budget.
- 3. Public hearing on or before August 15th, but at least ten days after publication of notice of hearing.
- 4. Adoption of the final budget on or before August 25th.

The statutes allow for the governing body to increase the originally adopted budget for previously unbudgeted increases in regulatory receipts other than ad valorem property taxes. To do this, a notice of public hearing to amend the budget must be published in the local newspaper. At least ten days after publication, the hearing may be held and the governing body may amend the budget at that time. There was on budget amendment for 2018.

The statutes permit transferring budgeted amounts between line items within an individual fund. However, such statutes prohibit expenditures in excess of the total amount of the adopted budget of expenditures of individual funds. Budget comparison schedules are presented for each fund showing actual receipts and expenditures compared to legally budgeted receipts and expenditures.

All legal annual operating budgets are prepared using the regulatory basis of accounting, in which regulatory receipts are recognized when cash is received and expenditures include disbursements, accounts payable, and encumbrances, with disbursements being adjusted for the prior year's accounts payable and encumbrances. Encumbrances are commitments by the City for future payments and are supported by a document evidencing the commitment, such as a purchase order or contract. Any unused budgeted expenditure authority lapses at year end.

A legal operating budget is not required for capital project funds and trust funds. Spending in funds which are not subject to the legal annual operating budget requirement is controlled by federal regulations, other statutes, or by the use of internal spending limits established by the governing body.

Reimbursements

The City of Bunker Hill records reimbursable expenditures in the fund that makes the disbursement and records reimbursements as a receipt to the fund that receives the reimbursement. For purposes of budgetary comparisons, the expenditures are properly offset by the reimbursements under KMAAG regulatory basis accounting.

Notes to Financial Statement

Year Ended December 31, 2018

NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, CONTINUED

Property Tax

The determination of assessed valuations and the collection of property taxes for all political subdivisions in the State of Kansas is the responsibility of the various counties. The County appraiser annually determines assessed valuations based on real estate transactions recorded by the Register of Deeds and personal property transactions reported by taxpayers. The County Clerk spreads the annual assessment on the tax rolls. The County Treasurer is the tax collection agent for all taxing entities within the county.

In accordance with state statutes, property taxes levied during the current year are a revenue source to be used to finance the budget of the ensuing year. Property taxes are assessed on a calendar year basis and become a lien on property on November 1 of each year. The taxes are due one-half on December 20th and one-half the following May 10th. Any taxes unpaid at the due dates are considered delinquent.

Collection of current year property tax by the County Treasurer is not completed, apportioned or distributed to the various subdivisions until the succeeding year, such procedure being in conformity with governing state statutes. Consequently, current year property taxes receivable are not available as a resource that can be used to finance the current operation of the City and therefore are not susceptible to accrual.

Undistributed taxes from the prior year levy are recognized as income in the current year. It is not practicable to apportion delinquent taxes held by the County Treasurer at the end of the audit period and, further, the amounts thereof are not material to the financial statement taken as a whole.

NOTE B - STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY

Compliance with Kansas Statutes

The City is not aware of any statutory violations.

NOTE C - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

K.S.A. 9-1401 establishes the depositories which may be used by the City. The statute requires banks eligible to hold the City's funds have a main or branch bank in the county in which the City is located, or in an adjoining county if such institution has been designated as an official depository, and the banks provide an acceptable rate of return on funds. In addition, K.S.A. 9-1402 requires the banks to pledge securities for deposits in excess of FDIC coverage. The City has no other policies that would further limit interest rate risk.

K.S.A. 12-1675 limits the City's investment of idle funds to time deposits, open accounts, and certificates of deposit with allowable financial institutions; U.S. government securities; temporary notes; no-fund warrants; repurchase agreements; and the Kansas Municipal Investment Pool. The City has no investment policy that would further limit its investments choices.

Concentration of credit risk. State statutes place no limit on the amount the City may invest in any one issuer as long as the investments are adequately secured under K.S.A. 9-1402 and 9-1405.

Custodial credit risk - deposits. Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the City's deposits may not be returned to it. State statutes require the City's deposits in financial institutions to be entirely covered by federal depository insurance or by collateral held under a joint custody receipt issued by a bank

Notes to Financial Statement

Year Ended December 31, 2018

NOTE C - DEPOSITS & INVESTMENTS - CONTINUED

within the State of Kansas, the Federal Reserve Bank of Kansas City, or the Federal Home Loan Bank of Topeka. All deposits were legally secured at December 31, 2018.

At December 31, 2018 the City's carrying amount of deposits was \$237,120 and the bank balance was \$238,647. The difference between the carrying amount and the bank balance is outstanding checks and deposits in transit. The bank balance was held by one bank resulting in a concentration of credit risk. Of the bank balance, \$238,647 was covered by federal depository insurance.

Custodial credit risk-investments. For an investment, this is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the issuer or counterparty, the City will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. State statues require investments to be adequately secured.

NOTE D - CLAIMS AND JUDGMENTS

The City participates in federal, state, and county programs that are fully or partially funded by grant received from other government units. Expenditures financed by grants are subject to audit by the appropriate grantor government. If expenditures are disallowed due to noncompliance with the grant program regulations, the City may be required to reimburse the grantor government.

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The City continues to carry commercial insurance for these potential risks of loss. There have been no significant reductions in insurance coverage from 2017 to 2018 and there were no settled claims that exceeded insurance coverage in the past three years.

During the ordinary course of its operations the City is a party to various claims, legal actions and complaints. It is the opinion of the City's management and legal counsel that these matters are not anticipated to have a material financial impact on the City.

NOTE E - RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

In a governmental entity, related parties include members of the governing body, council members, administrative officials, and immediate families of administrative officials, council members, and members of the governing body. Required disclosures on related party transactions do not include compensation arrangements, expense allowances and similar items incurred in the ordinary course of operations. The following are not required to be reported, but are presented for information only.

Paul Satchell - Mowing & Spraying Employee

2018 \$200

Notes to Financial Statement

Year Ended December 31, 2018

NOTE F - LONG-TERM DEBT

Changes in long-term liabilities for the City for the year ended December 31, 2018 were as follows:

Issue	Interest Rates	Date of Issue	Amount of Issue	Date of Final Maturity	Balance Beginning of Year	Additions	Reductions/ Payments	Balance End of Year	Interest Paid
2014 GO Bonds	2.15%	7/1/14	\$69,090	9/1/2024	\$49,000	\$0	\$7,000	\$42,000	\$1,054
Total Contractual Indebi	edness				\$49,000	\$0	\$7,000	\$42,000	\$1,054

Current maturities of long-term debt and interest for the next five years and in five year increments through maturity are as follows:

PRINCIPAL 2014 GO Bonds	<u>2019</u> 7,000	<u>2020</u> 7,000	<u>2021</u> 7,000	<u>2022</u> 7,000	<u>2023</u> 7,000	<u>2024</u> 7,000	<u>Total</u> 42,000
INTEREST 2014 GO Bonds	<u>903</u>	<u>753</u>	<u>602</u>	<u>452</u>	<u>452</u>	<u>0</u>	3.162
Total Long-Term Debt	<u>\$7,903</u>	<u>\$7,753</u>	<u>\$7,602</u>	<u>\$7,452</u>	<u>\$7,452</u>	\$7,000	\$45,162

NOTE H - GRANT

In February 2018, the council approved to hire EBH Engineering to study the City's water well. A USDA grant was obtained for \$22,500 to reimburse the expense. Payments in 2018 were \$8,000, with the balance of \$14,500 encumbered.

Through the date of this report, the City has paid an additional \$3,500 to EBH Engineering in 2019.

NOTE H - SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

In January 2019, the council approved changing to the use of liquid chlorine at the pump house for an approximate cost of \$4,000.

Management has evaluated the effects on the financial statement of subsequent events occurring through the date of this report, which is the date at which the financial statement was available to be issued.

SUMMARY OF EXPENDITURES - ACTUAL AND BUDGET Regulatory Basis (Budgeted Funds Only) For the Year Ended December 31, 2018

Schedule 1

Fund		Certified Budget	Qual	nent for ifying Credits	Total udget for omparison	Cha	penditures orgeable to rent Year	Variance Over (Under)
GENERAL FUND	\$	122,067	\$	-	\$ 122,067	\$	63,564	\$ (58,503)
SPECIAL PURPOSE FUNDS								
Special Highway Fund		19,599		-	19,599		•	(19,599)
Special Lighting Fund		13,942		-	13,942		6,589	(7,353)
BUSINESS FUNDS								
Water Fund		91,953		-	91,953		22,750	(69,203)
Sanitation Fund		19,671		-	19,671		13,500	(6,171)
Lift Station Fund		10,705	 .		 10,705		9,053	 (1,652)
Total	_\$_	277,937	\$		\$ 277,937	\$	115,456	\$ (162,481)

SCHEDULE OF RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES - ACTUAL AND BUDGET Regulatory Basis

For the Year Ended December 31, 2018 (With Comparative Actual Totals for the Prior Year Ended December 31, 2017)

GENERAL FUND

		2018 Variance				
	2017 Actual	Actual	Actual Budget			
Cash Receipts				_		
Ad Valorem Tax	\$ 33,207	\$ 34,990	\$ 35,484	\$ (494)		
Delinquent Tax	521	2,011	-	2,011		
Motor Vehicle Tax	6,539	7,193	6,884	309		
Sales & Use Tax	11,415	14,638	-	14,638		
Franchise Tax	1,232	1,340	-	1,340		
Interest	634	823	200	623		
Miscellaneous	1,542	2,094	•	2,094		
Insurance Proceeds	10,820	-	-	-		
Transfer from Bond & Interest	-		8,054	(8,054)		
Total Cash Receipts	65,910	63,089	\$ 50,622	\$ 12,467		
Expenditures						
Personal Services	13,981	15,104	18,000	(2,896)		
Contractual Services	15,157	37,247	30,000	7,247		
Commodities	5,048	2,337	5,500	(3,163)		
Capital Outlay	-	-	60,513	(60,513)		
Bond Principal & Interest	8,205	8,055	8,054	1		
Miscellaneous	883	821	•	821		
Insurance Proceeds Expense	12,686		-			
Total Expenditures	55,960	63,564	\$ 122,067	\$ (58,503)		
Receipts Over (Under) Expenditures	9,950	(475)				
Unencumbered Cash, Beginning	91,344	101,294				
Prior Year Cancelled Encumbrances	•	24,655				
Unencumbered Cash, Ending	\$ 101,294	\$ 125,474				

SCHEDULE OF RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES - ACTUAL AND BUDGET Regulatory Basis

For the Year Ended December 31, 2018 (With Comparative Actual Totals for the Prior Year Ended December 31, 2017)

SPECIAL HIGHWAY FUND

		2018		
	2017 Actual	Actual	Budget	Variance Over (Under)
Cash Receipts	0.000	0.500	6 6.530	.
State of Kansas Gas Tax	\$ 2,573	\$ 2,598	\$ 2,530	\$ 68
Total Cash Receipts	2,573	2,598	\$ 2,530	\$ 68
Expenditures				
Street Repair	400		19,599	(19,599)
Total Expenditures	400		\$ 19,599	\$ (19,599)
Receipts Over (Under) Expenditures	2,173	2,598		
Unencumbered Cash, Beginning	3,591	5,764		
Unencumbered Cash, Ending	\$ 5,764	\$ 8,362		

SCHEDULE OF RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES - ACTUAL AND BUDGET Regulatory Basis

For the Year Ended December 31, 2018 (With Comparative Actual Totals for the Prior Year Ended December 31, 2017)

SPECIAL LIGHTING FUND

			2018	
	2017 Actual	Actual	Budget	Variance Over (Under)
Cash Receipts Franchise Tax	\$ 5,848	\$ 6,442	\$ 6,500	\$ (58)
Transmist rax	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
Total Cash Receipts	5,848	6,442	\$ 6,500	\$ (58)
Expenditures Contractual Services	6,612	6,589	13,942	(7,353)
Total Expenditures	6,612	6,589	\$ 13,942	\$ (7,353)
Receipts Over (Under) Expenditures	(764)	(147)		
Unencumbered Cash, Beginning	3,909	3,145		
Unencumbered Cash, Ending	\$ 3,145	\$ 2,998		

SCHEDULE OF RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES - ACTUAL AND BUDGET Regulatory Basis

For the Year Ended December 31, 2018 (With Comparative Actual Totals for the Prior Year Ended December 31, 2017)

WATER FUND

			2018		
	2017 Actual	Actual Budget		Variance Over (Under)	
Cash Receipts				,	
Water Sales	\$ 30,465	\$ 30,453	\$ 37,500	\$ (7,047)	
Miscellaneous	3,780	4,441	-	4,441	
Total Cash Receipts	34,245	34,894	\$ 37,500	\$ (2,606)	
Expenditures					
Personal Services	3,981	3,281	3,500	(219)	
Contractual Services	15,104	19,369	10,000	9,369	
Commodities	54	100	4,200	(4,100)	
Capital Outlay	•	-	66,199	(66,199)	
Transfer to General Fund			8,054	(8,054)	
Total Expenditures	19,139	22,750	\$ 91,953	\$ (69,203)	
Receipts Over (Under) Expenditures	15,106	12,144			
Unencumbered Cash, Beginning	44,316	59,422			
Unencumbered Cash, Ending	\$ 59,422	\$ 71,566			

SCHEDULE OF RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES - ACTUAL AND BUDGET Regulatory Basis

For the Year Ended December 31, 2018 (With Comparative Actual Totals for the Prior Year Ended December 31, 2017)

SANITATION FUND

			2018	
	2017 Actual	Actual	Budget	Variance Over (Under)
Cash Receipts Collections	\$ 13,747	\$ 13,604	\$ 16,000	\$ (2,396)
Total Cash Receipts	13,747	13,604	\$ 16,000	\$ (2,396)
Expenditures Contractual Service	13,640	13,500	19,671	(6,171)
Total Expenditures	13,640	13,500	\$ 19,671	\$ (6,171)
Receipts Over (Under) Expenditures	107	104		
Unencumbered Cash, Beginning	1,531	1,638		
Unencumbered Cash, Ending	\$ 1,638	\$ 1,742		

SCHEDULE OF RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES - ACTUAL AND BUDGET Regulatory Basis

For the Year Ended December 31, 2018 (With Comparative Actual Totals for the Prior Year Ended December 31, 2017)

LIFT STATION FUND

		2018			
	2017 <u>Actual</u>	Actual	Budget	Variance Over (Under)	
Cash Receipts					
Collections	\$ 6,189	\$ 7,176	\$ 8,000	\$ (824)	
Total Cash Receipts	6,189	7,176	\$ 8,000	\$ (824)	
Expenditures					
Capital Outlay	-	-	4,805	(4,805)	
Personal Service	4,200	4,300	5,300	(1,000)	
Operations Expense	1,217	4,753	600	4,153	
Total Expenditures	5,417	9,053	\$ 10,705	\$ (1,652)	
Receipts Over (Under) Expenditures	772	(1,877)			
Unencumbered Cash, Beginning	1,632	2,404			
Unencumbered Cash, Ending	\$ 2,404	\$ 527			